2004 SUSPENSION

Suspension General Diagnosis - Vue

SPECIFICATIONS

TRIM HEIGHT SPECIFICATIONS

Trim Height Specifications

	Specification	
Application	Metric	English
Front Curb Bumper Height	410 mm	16.14 in
Rear Curb Bumper Height	435 mm	17.13 in
All Measurements Taken With a Full Tank of Gas		
All Measurement have a Tolerance of +/-25.0 mm (+/-0.98 in)		

DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION AND PROCEDURES

DIAGNOSTIC STARTING POINT - SUSPENSION GENERAL DIAGNOSIS

Begin the system diagnosis by reviewing the system Description and Operation. Reviewing the Description and Operation information will help you determine the correct symptom diagnostic procedure when a malfunction exists. Reviewing the Description and Operation information, and the vehicle RPO, will also help you determine if the condition described by the customer is normal operation. Refer to **Symptoms - Suspension General Diagnosis** in order to identify the correct procedure for diagnosing the system and where the procedure is located.

SYMPTOMS - SUSPENSION GENERAL DIAGNOSIS

IMPORTANT: The following step must be completed before using the symptom tables.

Review the system description and operation in order to familiarize yourself with the system functions. Refer to the appropriate description and operation:

- General Description (Strut) in Front Suspension
- General Description in Rear Suspension
- **General Description** in Tires and Wheels

Visual/Physical Inspection

- Inspect for aftermarket devices which could affect the operation of any of the suspension subsystems.
- Inspect the easily accessible or visible system components for obvious damage or conditions which could cause the symptom.
- Inspect for proper tire size and inflation pressure. Refer to **Tire Placard** in General Information.

Symptom List

Refer to a symptom diagnostic procedure from the following list in order to diagnose the symptom:

- Ride Diagnosis
- Vehicle Leads/Pulls
- Suspension Bottoms
- Torque Steer
- Memory Steer
- Poor Directional Stability

RIDE DIAGNOSIS

Ride Diagnosis

Step	Action	Yes	No
1	Did you review the General Description and perform the necessary inspections?	Go to Step 2	Go to <u>Symptoms -</u> <u>Suspension General</u> <u>Diagnosis</u>
2	IMPORTANT: Verify the vehicle suspension package RPO. Verify that the ride is too soft or too hard.Does the vehicle ride normally?	System OK	Go to Step 3
3	Check the tire inflation and adjust to specifications. Refer to Tire Inflation Pressure Specifications in Maintenance and Lubrication. Did you adjust the tire pressure?	Go to Step 6	Go to Step 4
4	Inspect the vehicle trim height. Refer to <u>Trim Height</u> <u>Inspection Procedure</u> . Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 6	Go to Step 5
5	 Inspect the following suspension components for wear or damage. The strut and shock absorbers. Refer to <u>Struts or Shock Absorbers On-Vehicle Testing</u>. The springs. Refer to <u>Strut, Strut Component and/or Spring Replacement</u> or <u>Coil Spring Replacement</u> in Rear Suspension. 	Go to	System OK
	Did you find and correct the condition?	Step 6	System OK
6	Drive the vehicle in order to verify the repair. Did you correct the condition?	System OK	Go to Step 3

VEHICLE LEADS/PULLS

Vehicle Leads/Pulls

Step	Action	Yes	No		
	INITION: At a constant highway speed on a typical straight road, lead/pu				
	required at the steering wheel to maintain the vehicle's straight path.				
1	Did you review the General Description and perform the visual/physical inspections?	Go to Step 2	Go to Symptoms - Suspension General Diagnosis		
2	Road test the vehicle in order to verify the complaint. Does the vehicle operate normally?	System OK	Go to Step 3		
	Inspect the tire/wheel assemblies for:				
3	 Correct tire pressure-Refer to the tire placard. Correct tire size-Refer to the tire placard. Abnormal tire wear or damage 				
	Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 9	Go to Step 4		
4	Perform the Radial Tire Lead/Pull Correction in Tires and Wheels. Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 9	Go to Step 5		
5	 Inspect and correct/adjust the suspension and steering systems for: Vehicle trim height-Refer to <u>Trim Height Specifications</u>. Excessively worn, loose, or damaged components 	Go to	Go to Stan 6		
6	Did you find and correct the condition? Inspect the brake system for brake drag. With the vehicle suspended on a hoist, brake drag can be identified by rotating each wheel several times and observing whether more force is need to rotate the left wheel or the right wheel. Refer to Diagnostic Starting Point - Disc Brakes in Disc Brakes. Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 9	Go to Step 6 Go to Step 7		
7	Inspect the wheel alignment and adjust as necessary. Refer to Measuring Wheel Alignment in Wheel Alignment. Did you correct the condition?	Go to Step 9	Go to Step 8		
8	Inspect the steering gear for unequal effort. The vehicle must be suspended on a hoist, the engine running, and the transmission in park or neutral. Grasp the tire assembly and manually simulate a turn from the left of center and the right of center observing whether more force is needed to turn to the left or to the right. If this condition exists replace the steering gear. Did you correct the condition?	System OK	Go to Step 3		

	Operate the vehicle in order to verify the repair.	System	1
9	Did you correct the condition?	OK	Go to Step 3

BODY LEANS OR SWAYS IN CORNERS

Body Leans or Sways in Corners

Step	Action	Yes	No
1	Did you review the General Description and perform the necessary inspections?	Go to Step 2	Go to Symptoms - Suspension General Diagnosis
2	Verify the vehicle leans or sways in corners. Does the vehicle operate normally?	System OK	Go to Step 3
3	Inspect the following components for wear or damage:The front springsThe rear springs		
	Are the components worn or damaged? Inspect the stabilizer shaft link for wear or damage.	Go to Step 5 Go to	Go to Step 4
4	Is the stabilizer shaft link worn or damaged?	Step 6	Go to Step 2
5	 Strut, Strut Component and/or Spring Replacement in Front Suspension Coil Spring Replacement in Rear Suspension 		
	Did you complete the repair? Replace the stabilizer shaft link. Refer to Stabilizer	Go to Step 7	-
6	Shaft Link Replacement in Front Suspension. Did you complete the repair?	Go to Step 7	
7	Operate the vehicle in order to verify the repair. Did you correct the condition?	System OK	Go to Step 3

SUSPENSION BOTTOMS

Suspension Bottoms

		1		
Step	Action	Yes	No	
DEFINITION: A loud bang or thump that can usually be felt and/or heard when the vehicle is driven				
over bumps. This condition is commonly noticed when the vehicle trim height is too low.				
	Did you review the General Description and perform the		Go to Symptoms -	
1 necessary inspections? Go to Suspension Gen				
		Step 2	<u>Diagnosis</u>	

3	Verify that the suspension bottoms. Does the vehicle operate normally? Check for vehicle overloading and correct the overloading condition as necessary. Refer to Label - Vehicle Certification in General Information. Did you find and correct the condition?	System OK Go to Step 6	Go to Step 3 Go to Step 4
4	 Struts and shock absorbers, refer to Struts or Shock <u>Absorbers On-Vehicle Testing</u>. Coil springs, refer to General Description (Strut) in Front Suspension or Coil Spring Replacement in Rear Suspension. 		
	Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 6	Go to Step 5
5	Inspect the vehicle trim height. Refer to <u>Trim Height</u> <u>Inspection Procedure</u> . Did you complete the trim height inspection procedure?	Go to Step 6	-
6	Operate the vehicle in order to verify the repair. Did you correct the condition?	System OK	Go to Step 3

TORQUE STEER

Torque Steer Step

Step	Action	Yes	No			
accel	DEFINITION: On a dry, smooth, flat road, the vehicle has a left or right steering force during acceleration that is eliminated when the transmission is shifted into NEUTRAL. The level of the steering force is usually (but not always) dependent on the amount of torque which is applied by the engine.					
1	Did you review the General Description and perform the necessary inspections?	Go to Step 2	Go to Symptoms - Suspension General Diagnosis			
2	 Drive the vehicle on a straight, smooth, flat road. Press the accelerator and momentarily release the steering wheel. Repeat this test with the vehicle traveling in the opposite direction in order to eliminate crosswind effects. Lead/pull caused by unlevel roads and crosswinds are considered normal. 					
	Does the vehicle exhibit torque steer when the accelerator is pressed?	Go to Step 3	System OK			
	1. Drive the vehicle on a straight, smooth, flat road at 64-97					

	km/h (40-60 mph).		
	2. Remove your foot from the accelerator.		
	3. Shift the transmission into NEUTRAL in order to allow the vehicle to coast.		
	4. Momentarily release the steering wheel and note any change in the direction of the vehicle.		
3	5. Repeat this test with the vehicle traveling in the opposite direction in order to eliminate crosswind effects. Lead/pull caused by unlevel roads and crosswinds are considered normal.		
	Does the vehicle direction change when the steering wheel is	Go to Vehicle	
	momentarily released?	Leads/Pulls	Go to Step 4
	Inspect the front suspension for worn or damaged components		
4	and repair as necessary.		
	Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 7	Go to Step 5
	Inspect the vehicle trim height. Refer to <u>Trim Height</u>		
5	<u>Inspection Procedure</u> .		
	Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 7	Go to Step 6
	Inspect for worn or damaged powertrain mounts. Replace as		
	necessary. Refer to Engine Mount Inspection in Engine		
6	Mechanical 2.2L (L61), Engine Mount Inspection in Engine		
	Mechanical 3.5L (L66), <u>Transmission Mount Inspection</u>		
	Automatic Transaxle - 5AT.		
	Did you complete the inspection/repair?	Go to Step 7	-
7	Operate the vehicle in order to verify the repair.		- a
	Did you correct the condition?	System OK	Go to Step 3

MEMORY STEER

Memory Steer

Step	Action	Yes	No
DEF	INITION: The steering wheel does not return to center after	er complet	ing a turn.
1	Did you review the General Description and perform the necessary inspections?	Go to Step 2	Go to Symptoms - Suspension General Diagnosis
2	Verify that memory steer is present. Does the system operate normally?	System OK	Go to Step 3
3	Check the tire inflation and adjust to specifications. Refer to Tire Inflation Pressure Specifications in Maintenance and Lubrication. Did you adjust the tire pressure?	Go to Step 14	Go to Step 4
	 Raise and support the vehicle. Refer to <u>Lifting and Jacking the Vehicle</u> in General Information. Inspect the suspension system for worn or 		

Ī	damaged components.	l I	
	3. Repair as necessary.		
4	c. respuir de noveseury.	Go to	
	Did you find and correct the condition?	Step 14	Go to Step 5
	1. Rotate the steering wheel ONE revolution in both directions.		
5	2. Rotate the steering wheel back to the original position.		
	Was the steering wheel abnormally difficult to rotate in either direction?	Go to Step 6	Go to Step 10
	1. Remove the front tire and wheel assemblies. Refer to <u>Tire and Wheel Removal and Installation</u> in Tires and Wheels.		
6	 Disconnect both of the outer tie rod ends from the steering knuckles. Refer to <u>Rack and Pinion</u> <u>Outer Tie Rod End Replacement</u> in Power Steering System. 		
	3. Use your hands in order to move the tie rod ends.		
	Are either of the tie rod ends abnormally difficult to move?	Go to Step 11	Go to Step 7
7	Inspect for binding strut bearings or ball joints. Use your hands to push and pull the steering knuckle inboard and outboard. Are either of the steering knuckles abnormally difficult to move?	Go to Step 8	Co to Stan 0
		Step o	Go to Step 9
	 Disconnect the strut from the steering knuckle. Use your hands to rotate the strut. 		
8	2. Ose your hands to rotate the strut.	Go to	
	Is the strut abnormally difficult to rotate?	Step 12	Go to Step 13
9	Perform the Power Steering Diagnostic System Check. Did you perform the power steering diagnostic system		Go to <u>Diagnostic System</u> <u>Check - Power Steering</u>
	check?	Go to Step 14	System in Power Steering Systems
10	Inspect the wheel alignment and adjust as necessary. Refer to Measuring Wheel Alignment in Wheel Alignment.	Go to	
	Did you complete the wheel alignment? Replace the outer tie rod end. Refer to Rack and Pinion	Step 14	-
11	Outer Tie Rod End Replacement in Power Steering		
	System. Did you complete the repair?	Go to Step 14	_
	2.2 jou complete the repuir.	Step 14	

12	Replace the strut bearing. Refer to Strut, Strut Component and/or Spring Replacement in Front Suspension. Did you complete the repair?	Go to Step 14	-
13	Replace the damaged ball joint. Refer to Lower Ball Joint Replacement in Front Suspension. Did you complete the repair?	Go to Step 14	-
14	Operate the vehicle in order to verify the repair. Did you correct the condition?	System OK	Go to Step 3

POOR DIRECTIONAL STABILITY

Poor Directional Stability

Step	Action	Yes	No			
	DEFINITION: Driver is unable to maintain consistent, predictable vehicle driving control in any					
direc		<u> </u>				
1	Did you review the General Description and perform the necessary inspections?	Go to Step 2	Go to <u>Symptoms -</u> <u>Suspension General</u> <u>Diagnosis</u>			
2	Verify that the directional stability is poor. Does the system operate normally?	System OK	Go to Step 3			
3	 Stabilizer fasteners for looseness. Refer to Fastener Tightening Specifications in Front Suspension. Damaged Stabilizer. Refer to Stabilizer Shaft Replacement in Front Suspension. Worn or damaged stabilizer bushings. Refer to Stabilizer Shaft Insulator Replacement in Front Suspension. Damaged or missing stabilizer links. Refer to Stabilizer Shaft Link Replacement in Front Suspension. 	Go to				
	Did you find and correct the condition?	Step 10	Go to Step 4			
4	 Inspect the following suspension and steering components for wear or damage: Control Arms, refer to Lower Control Arm Replacement in Front Suspension. Ball Joints, refer to Ball Joint Inspection. Outer tie rod ends, refer to Rack and Pinion Outer Tie Rod End Replacement in Power Steering 	-				

	System.		
	Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 10	Go to Step 5
5	Inspect the wheel bearing. Refer to Wheel Bearings Diagnosis Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 10	Go to Step 6
6	Inspect the vehicle trim height. Refer to Trim Height Inspection Procedure. Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 10	Go to Step 7
7	Inspect the steering column for looseness. Refer to Looseness in Steering Column in Steering Wheel and Column. Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 10	Go to Step 8
8	Inspect the steering gear mounting bolts for looseness. Refer to <u>Fastener Tightening Specifications</u> in Power Steering System. Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 10	Go to Step 9
9	Inspect and adjust the wheel alignment as necessary. Refer to Measuring Wheel Alignment in Wheel Alignment. Did you complete the alignment?	Go to Step 10	
10	Operate the vehicle in order to verify the repair. Did you correct the condition?	System OK	Go to Step 3

NOISE DIAGNOSIS - FRONT SUSPENSION

Noise Diagnosis - Front Suspension

Step	Action	Yes	No			
	DEFINITION: Any noise emitted from the front of the vehicle that is induced by VEHICLE SPEED or DRIVING TERRAIN as related to the front suspension.					
1	Did you review the General Description and perform the necessary Inspections?	Go to Step 2	Go to Symptoms - Suspension General Diagnosis			
2	Attempt to duplicate the condition. Road test the vehicle. Did you duplicate the condition?	Go to Step 3	System OK			
3	Is the noise reactive to vehicle load or speed?	Go to Step 4	Go to Step 7			
4	 Proper tire Inflation and adjust as necessary. Refer to <u>Tire Inflation Pressure Specifications</u> in Maintenance and Lubrication. Unusual tire wear. Refer to <u>Vibration Analysis - Tire and Wheel</u> in Vibration Diagnosis and Correction. 					

	 Inspect the wheel nuts for looseness and tighten as necessary. Refer to Fastener Tightening Specifications in 		
	Tires and Wheels.		
		Go to	
	Did you find and correct the condition?	Step 14	Go to Step 5
5	Inspect the front wheel bearings. Refer to Wheel Bearings Diagnosis .	Go to	
<i>J</i>	Did you find and correct the condition?	Step 14	Go to Step 6
	Inspect for front axle or transaxle noises. Refer to Symptoms -		
6	<u>Automatic Transmission</u> in Automatic Transaxle - VT25-E or <u>Symptoms - Manual Transmission</u> in Manual Transmission -		
	M86 Getrag.	Go to	G . G
	Did you find and correct the condition? Bounce the front of the vehicle in order to duplicate the noise.	Step 14 Go to	Go to Step 7
7	Did you duplicate the noise?	Step 8	Go to Step 9
	1. Raise and support the vehicle. Refer to Lifting and Jacking the Vehicle in General Information.		
8	2. Inspect the front suspension components for looseness. Refer to <u>Fastener Tightening Specifications</u> in Front Suspension.		
	3. Inspect the front suspension components for damage and repair as necessary.		
	Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 14	Go to Step 9
	1. Install the J 39570 Chassis Ear or equivalent.		
9	2. Bounce the front of the vehicle, using the J 39570 or equivalent in order to locate the source of the noise. If necessary road test the vehicle.		
	3. Repair or replace any damaged components as necessary.		
	Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 14	Go to Step 10
	Inspect the ball joints and steering components for the following	осер 14	50 to Step 10
	conditions.		
	 Lack of lubrication where applicable. 		
10	• Looseness in the ball joints. Refer to Ball Joint Inspection .		
10	• Looseness in the tie rods. Refer to Rack and Pinion Outer		
	<u>Tie Rod End Replacement</u> in Power Steering System.		
		Go to	
	Did you find and correct the condition?	Step 14	Go to Step 11
	Inspect for damaged shock absorbers. Refer to Struts or Shock		

11	Absorbers On-Vehicle Testing . Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 14	Go to Step 12
12	Inspect the front stabilizer shaft and stabilizer shaft links for damage and repair as necessary. Refer to Stabilizer Shaft Replacement or Stabilizer Shaft Link Replacement in Front Suspension. Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 14	Go to Step 13
13	Inspect for control arm damage and repair as necessary. Refer to Lower Control Arm Replacement in Front Suspension. Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 14	
	Bid you find and correct the condition:	Step 14	1

NOISE DIAGNOSIS - REAR SUSPENSION

Noise Diagnosis - Rear Suspension

Step	Action	Yes	No				
	DEFINITION: Any noise emitted from the rear of the vehicle that is induced by VEHICLE SPEED or						
DRI	DRIVING TERRAIN as related to the rear suspension.						
	Did you review the General Description and perform the		Go to Symptoms -				
1	necessary inspections?	Go to	Suspension General				
		Step 2	<u>Diagnosis</u>				
2	Attempt to duplicate the condition. Road test the vehicle.	Go to					
	Did you duplicate the condition?	Step 3	System OK				
3	Is the noise reactive to vehicle load or speed?	Go to					
)		Step 4	Go to Step 6				
	Perform the following Inspections:						
	 Inspect and adjust the tire Inflation. Refer to <u>Tire</u> 						
	<u>Inflation Pressure Specifications</u> in Maintenance and						
	Lubrication.						
	• Inspect for unusual tire wear. Refer to Vibration						
4	Analysis - Tire and Wheel in Vibration Diagnosis and						
	Correction.						
	• Inspect the wheel nuts for looseness. Refer to Fastener						
	<u>Tightening Specifications</u> in Tires and Wheels.						
		Go to					
	Did you find and correct the condition?	Step 10	Go to Step 5				
	Inspect the rear wheel bearings. Refer to Wheel Bearings						
5	<u>Diagnosis</u> .	Go to					
	Did you find and correct the condition?	Step 10	Go to Step 6				
6	Bounce the rear of the vehicle in order to duplicate the noise.	Go to					
	Did you duplicate the noise?	Step 7	Go to Step 9				

	 Raise the vehicle. Refer to <u>Lifting and Jacking the</u> Vehicle in General Information. 		
7	2. Inspect the rear suspension components for looseness. Refer to <u>Fastener Tightening Specifications</u> in Rear Suspension.		
	3. Inspect the rear suspension components for damage and repair as necessary.		
		Go to	
	Did you find and correct the condition?	Step 10	Go to Step 8
	Inspect the rear shock absorber. Refer to Struts or Shock		
8	Absorbers On-Vehicle Testing.	Go to	
	Did you find and correct the condition?	Step 10	Go to Step 9
	1. Install the J 39570 Chassis Ear or equivalent.		
9	2. Bounce the rear of the vehicle, using the J 39570 or equivalent, in order to locate the source of the noise. If necessary, road test the vehicle.		
	3. Repair or replace any defective component as necessary.		
		Go to	
	Did you find and correct the condition?	Step 10	System OK
10	Operate the system in order to verify the repair.	System	
10	Did you correct the condition?	OK	Go to Step 3

BALL JOINT INSPECTION

Ball Joint Inspection

Step	Action	Values	Yes	No
1	Did you review the General Description and perform the necessary inspections?	1	Go to Step 2	Go to <u>Symptoms -</u> <u>Suspension General</u> <u>Diagnosis</u>
	Raise and support the vehicle. Refer to Lifting and Jacking the Vehicle in General Information.			
2	2. Clean the ball joint and inspect the seal for damage.	-	Go to	
	Is the ball joint seal damaged?		Step 6	Go to Step 3
3	Check the wheel bearing for looseness. Refer to Wheel Bearings Diagnosis. Did you find and correct the condition?	-	Go to Step 7	Go to Step 4
	IMPORTANT:			
	Remove tension from the ball joints.			
	Check the ball joint for horizontal looseness using			

	the following procedure:			
4	 Position the J 8001 Dial Indicator against the lowest outboard point of the wheel rim. Rock the wheel in and out while reading the dial indicator. 	3.18 mm (0.125 in)		
	Does the dial indicator measure greater than the specified value?		Go to Step 6	Go to Step 5
	IMPORTANT:			
	Remove tension from the ball joints.			
5	Check the ball joint for vertical looseness using the following procedure: 1. Install the J 8001 .	3.18 mm (0.125 in)		
		(0.123 III)		
	2. Move the ball joint up and down while reading the dial indicator.			
	Does the dial indicator measure greater than the specified value?		Go to Step 6	Go to Step 7
6	Replace the ball joint/lower control arm. Refer to Lower Control Arm Replacement in Front	_		
	Suspension.		Go to	
	Did you complete the repair?		Step 7	-
7	Operate the system in order to verify the repair.	_	System	
_ ′	Did you correct the condition?		OK	Go to Step 2

STRUTS OR SHOCK ABSORBERS ON-VEHICLE TESTING

Struts or Shock Absorbers On-Vehicle Testing

Step	Action	Yes	No
1	Did you review the General Description and perform the necessary inspections?	Go to Step 2	Go to Symptoms - Suspension General Diagnosis
2	Verify that the customer's concern is present. Does the vehicle operate normally?	System OK	Go to Step 3
3	IMPORTANT: A light film of oil on the top portion of the shock reservoir is normal. Inspect each strut or shock absorber for external fluid leakage. Is a	Go to	
	strut or shock absorber leaking? 1. Use your hands in order to lift up and push down each	Step 5	Go to Step 4

Ī	corner of the vehicle 3 times.	1 1	
	2. Remove your hands from the vehicle.		
4	3. Locate a shock or strut that exceeds 2 cycles.		
		Go to	
	Did you locate shock or strut that exceeds 2 cycles?	Step 5	Go to Step 6
	IMPORTANT:		
	Inspect the vehicle trim height in order to correct any possible causes of shock/strut failures. Refer to <u>Trim Height Inspection Procedure</u> .		
5			
	Replace the strut or shock absorber. Refer to Strut , Strut		
	Component and/or Spring Replacement in Front Suspension or		
	Shock Absorber Replacement in Rear Suspension.Did you	Go to	
	complete the repair?	Step 6	-
6	Operate the vehicle in order to verify the repair.	System	·
0	Did you correct the condition?	OK	Go to Step 3

WHEEL BEARINGS DIAGNOSIS

Wheel Bearings Diagnosis

Step	Action	Values	Yes	No
1	Did you review the General Description and perform the necessary inspections?	-	Go to Step 2	Go to Symptoms - Suspension General Diagnosis
2	Road test the vehicle in order to verify the customer's complaint. Does the vehicle operate normally?	-	System OK	Go to Step 3
3	 Raise and support the vehicle. Refer to <u>Lifting</u> and <u>Jacking the Vehicle</u> in General Information. Inspect for tire or wheel damage. Refer to <u>Tire</u> and <u>Wheel Assembly Runout Measurement - On-Vehicle</u> in Vibration Diagnosis and Correction. Did you find and correct the condition? 	-	Go to Step 7	Go to Step 4
4	Install the J 39570 Chassis Ear. Road test the vehicle to verify the location of the wheel bearing noise. Did you locate the source of the wheel bearing noise? IMPORTANT: Support the vehicle by the lower control arms or the rear axle to prevent movement during wheel bearing/hub inspection.	-	Go to Step 6	Go to Step 5

5	 Mount and secure the J 8001 Dial Indicator. Ensure that the dial indicator contacts the vertical surface of the wheel as close as possible to the top wheel stud. Push and pull on the top of the tire in order to inspect the total travel indicated by the dial indicator. 	0.27 mm (0.005 in)		
	Is the measurement greater then the specified value?		Go to Step 6	System OK
6	Replace the wheel bearing. Refer to Wheel Bearing/Hub Replacement - Front in Front Suspension or Wheel Bearing/Hub Replacement - Rear in Rear Suspension. Did you complete the repair?	-	Go to Step 7	-
7	Road test the vehicle to verify the repair. Does the vehicle operate normally?	-	System OK	Go to Step 3

TRIM HEIGHT INSPECTION PROCEDURE

Trim Height Measurement

Trim height is a predetermined measurement relating to vehicle ride height. Incorrect trim heights can cause the vehicle to bottom out over bumps, damage to the suspension components and symptoms similar to wheel alignment problems. Check the trim heights when diagnosing suspension concerns and before checking the wheel alignment.

Perform the following before measuring the trim heights:

- Set the tire pressure to the specifications shown on the certification label. Refer to <u>Label Vehicle</u> Certification in General Information.
- Check the fuel level. Add additional weight if necessary to simulate a full tank.
- Make sure the passenger and rear compartments are empty, except for the spare tire.
- Make sure the vehicle is on a flat and level surface, such as an alignment rack.
- Check that all the vehicle doors are securely closed.
- Check that the vehicle hood and rear deck lids are securely closed.
- Check for installed after market accessories or modifications that could affect trim height measurement.

IMPORTANT: All dimensions are measured vertical to the ground. Trim height should be within +/-22.0 mm (+/-0.87 in) to be considered correct.

Measuring the Bumper Heights

Use the following procedure to check the front bumper height:

- 1. Jounce the front and rear of the vehicle a few times and allow the suspension to settle.
- 2. The front bumper height measurement is taken outward 390 mm (15.35 in) from the center of the fascia to ground level. Measurements are made from the inner bumper core to ground level. Measure both sides and average the measurements.
- 3. Compare the measurement to the front bumper curb height specification. Refer to <u>Trim Height Specifications</u>.
- 4. If the measurement is outside of the specified range, replace the front springs. Refer to **Strut, Strut Component and/or Spring Replacement** in Front Suspension.
- 5. Using your hands, lift the rear bumper approximately 38 mm (1.59 in).
- 6. Gently remove your hands and allow the vehicle to lower.
- 7. Using your hands, jounce the rear of the vehicle downward approximately 38 mm (1.59 in).
- 8. Gently remove your hands and allow the vehicle to rise.
- 9. The rear bumper height measurement is taken outward 530 mm (20.86 in) from the center of the fascia to ground level. Measurements are made from the inner bumper core to ground level. Measure both sides and average the measurements.
- 10. Compare the measurement to the rear bumper curb height specification. Refer to **Trim Height Specifications**.
- 11. If the measurement is outside of the specified range, replace the rear springs. Refer to **Coil Spring Replacement** in Rear Suspension.

SPECIAL TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

SPECIAL TOOLS

Special Tools

Illustration	Tool Number/ Description		
	J 39570 Chassis Ear		
	Ј 8001		

